

Affinity method for phosphatidylserine (PS) on membrane surface of extracellular microvesicles



Using Phosphatidylserine (PS)-binding protein, extracellular vesicles are captured in a metal ion-dependent manner, followed by eluting them with metal ion chelating reagent.

Features

ultracentrifugation

MagCapture™

Ultracentrifugation

Polymer-based precipitation

Exosome surface antigen affinity method (using the antibody)

Methods

(PS affinity method)





Target samples: cell culture supernatant, serum, urine, etc.

Optimized protocol

Exosome

purity

NOTE: This kit is NOT suitable for exosome isolation from plasma treated with chelating agents such as EDTA and citric acid.

Product Name	Package Size	Catalog No.	Storage
MagCapture [™] Exosome Isolation Kit PS	10 tests	293-77601	Keep at 2-10℃.

The yield comparison of exosome isolated from human serum

Exosomes were isolated from human serum by using MagCapture[™], ultracentrifugation and antibody affinity method, followed by western blot with the anti CD9, anti CD63 and CD81 antibodies.



The performance comparison with conventional exosome isolation methods

The yield and purity were compared for exosomes isolated from K562 (human chronic mylogenous leukemia: CML) cell culture supernatants (serum-free medium, or 10% Exosome-depleted FBS medium) by using MagCapture[™], ultracentrifugation and polymer-based precipitation method.

MagCapture[™] Exosome Isolation Kit PS

Exosomes were collected from 1 mL of pretreated (10,000 x g, 30 min) K562 cell culture supernatant (serum-free medium or 10% exosome-depleted FBS medium) by using MagCapture[™] standard protocol (reaction time: 3 hours)

Ultracentrifugation

Exosome fractions were collected from 10 mL of pretreated (10,000 x g, 30 min.) K562 cell culture supernatant (serum-free medium or 10% exosome-depleted FBS medium) by ultracentrifugation (110,000 x g, 70 min.). The precipitates were suspended by TBS and then exosomes were recovered by ultracentrifugation (110,000 x g, 70 min.) as a pellet.

Polymer-based precipitation

Exosomes were collected from 1 mL of pretreated (10,000 x g, 30 min) K562 cell culture supernatant (serum-free medium or 10% exosome-depleted FBS medium) by using Company A's product protocol (Precipitation time: overnight).

Electron microscopic analysis and Nano analysis of isolated exosomes

The particle size of exosomes from K562 cell culture supernatant (serum-free medium) using **MagCapture**^M, ultracentrifugation and polymer-based precipitation, respectively was determined by using NanoSight LM-10. The collected exosomes (2-4 x 10¹⁰ particles) were fixed by 2% paraformaldehyde and analyzed by electron microscopy.



MagCapture[™] could enrich exosomes which were uniformed particles (~100 nm)!

The comparison of recovery amount and purity of exosomes (1)

Exosomes were collected from K562 cell culture supernatant (serum-free medium) by MagCapture™, ultracentrifugation and polymerbased precipitation. The recovery efficiency and purity were analyzed by silver staining and western blotting by using anti CD63, anti Flotillin-2 and anti Lamp-1 antibodies).



The exosomes were collected from K562 cell culture supernatant (10% exosome-depleted FBS medium) by MagCapture™, ultracentrifugation and polymer-based precipitation. The recovery efficiency and purity of exosomes analyzed by silver staining and western blotting by using anti CD63, anti Lamp-1 and anti Flotillin-2 antibodies. Furthermore, collected sample from each was analyzed by mass spectrometry and compared the percentage of human-derived peptides derived from K562 cells.



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